* In 1995-1999, about 30% of households were headed by females in El Salvador
	+ <https://www.unicef.org/sowc07/docs/chant.pdf>, page 67 table
* “One of the most striking changes in Salvadoran family life has been the shift from male to female-headed households. Nationwide, data from the EHPM shows that households headed by women have risen from 26 percent in 1992 to 32 percent in 2004.”
	+ <http://www.migrationpolicy.org/article/migration-and-development-el-salvador-ideals-versus-reality>
	+ The municipalities with the highest rate of female-headed households corresponds with the highest rate of households receiving remittances, the lowest levels of poverty, and a higher ratio of female to male demographics.
* Gang truce for violence prevention, El Salvador: Study estimating the effects on homicide rates of the gang truce that was brokered in El Salvador in 2012
	+ <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/307557444_Gang_truce_for_violence_prevention_El_Salvador>
	+ Table 1 in Methods lists variables that were used as controls in two of the mathematical models because they have consistently been associated with both violence and gang violence.
		- Female-headed households represented 34.8% of the national value of those groups consistently targeted by violence or gang violence